

Territorial Impact Assessment

Committee of the Regions

Objectives

- allowing CoR rapporteurs to have access to specific analysis and information
- improve the quality of policymaking by ensuring that territorial impacts are taken into account by the European Institutions
- to improve the visibility of territorial impact assessment as an important element for better legislation

What criteria to select legislative initiatives?

- Initiatives should present a clear political interest for local and regional authorities;
- Initiatives should touch on competences of local and regional authorities;
- Initiatives should bear a potential territorial impact

Priority will be given to legislative proposals on which the CoR issues an opinion

Political governance: Subsidiarity Steering Group

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Selection of the initiatives

Phase I

Phase II

Phase III

Pre-legislative

Legislative

Ex-post

Cooperation with the European Commission

Before publication Impact Assessment phase Cooperation with the CoR
Rapporteur

After publication For the needs of CoR

Evaluate existing legislation that is up for revision

CoR Opinion exists

New CoR opinion is expected

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TIA QUICK SCAN Methodology

Preparation steps

- Before the workshop
 - Choice of ESPON moderators
 - File note request
 - Preparation of content together with DTC
 - Preparation of documents and guidance with ESPON
- After the workshop: Report
 - Communication of results and evaluation



Methodology

- Quick Scan TIA workshops
 - experts discuss cause and effects chains
 - basis for data calculations
 - regional mapping of possible impacts
 - In-depth report

Consultations and structured interview

Workshop deliverables



What counts is the **PROCESS!**

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Other TIA approaches

Public consultation

if the data is unavailable or insufficient for a legislative proposal to be assessed

- Targeted (EGTC database, Europe 2020 Monitoring Platform, INTERREG database, SMN, regional offices in Brussels, national associations)
- Focussed on the territorial impacts (might be organised as addition to impact assessment or public consultation of the European Commission)
- Aimed to provide input from regional and local level

Duration of the TIA exercise: c.11 weeks he EU's Assembly of Regional and Local Representatives

Structured Interviews

to compliment a workshop or public consultation, to get a deeper insight

- Targeted (e.g. small group of regional experts)
- Focussed on data for certain regions / indicators which cannot be obtained through public consultation, desk research or TIA workshop
- Complimenting workshop or consultation findings

Duration of the TIA exercise: c. 4 weeks

Combined approach (W+PC+SI)

The most complete form of the TIA exercise

- Workshop based on Quick Scan to grasp potential impacts
- Public consultation to get a broad picture in regions
- Structured interviews (e.g. small group of regional experts) to get a deeper insight
- Example: the ex-post TIA on Birds and Habitats directives

Duration of the TIA exercise: c. 24 weeks



Other methodologies

Other methodologies

JRC models – RHOMOLO Target TIA



Conclusions

Other methodologies

- Need for a methodology like ESPON Quick scan
- Need for a further development of such a tool
- Lack of data needs to be addressed
- Needs to be systematically implemented in EU and national policy making



Thank you for your attention

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